## **CHAPTER 9- TRANSFORMATION OF STRESS**

1- The state of stress at a point is shown on the element. Determine (a) the principal stress and (b) the maximum in-plane shear stress and average normal stress at the point. Specify the orientation of the element in each case. Show the results on each element.

(-19.0 MPa, -121 MPa, 39.3°, -50.7°)



2- The state of stress at a point is shown on the element. Determine (a) the principal stress and (b) the maximum in-plane shear stress and average normal stress at the point. Specify the orientation of the element in each case. Sketch the results on each element.

(224 MPa, --64.2 MPa, -61.8°, 28.2°)



3- The T-beam is subjected to the distributed loading that is applied along its centerline. Determine the principal stress at point *A* and show the results on an element located at this point.

(4.93 MPa, -111 MPa)



4- The wood beam is subjected to a load of 12 kN. Determine the principal stress at point A and specify the orientation of the element.

(2.29 MPa, -7.20 kPa)



5- The bent rod has a diameter of 20 mm and is subjected to the force of 400 N. Determine the principal stress and the maximum in-plane shear stress that is developed at point *A*. Show the results on a properly oriented element located at this point.

(0, -126 MPa)



6- The wide-flange beam is subjected to the loading shown. Determine the principal stress in the beam at point A and at point B. These points are located at the top and bottom of the web, respectively. Although it is not very accurate, use the shear formula to determine the shear stress.

(1.60 MPa, -143 MPa)



7- Determine the principal stress at point A on the cross section of the arm at section a-a. Specify the orientation of this state of stress and indicate the results on an element at the point.

(6.38 MPa, -0.360 MPa)



8- The solid shaft is subjected to a torque, bending moment, and shear force as shown. Determine the principal stresses acting at point *A*.

(5.5 MPa, -0.611 MPa)

